

T2D03 What operating privileges are allowed when you are the control operator at the station of another amateur who has a higher class license than yours?

- A. Any privileges allowed by the higher class
- B. Only the privileges allowed by your license**
- C. All the emission privileges of the higher class license, but only the frequency privileges of your license
- D. All the frequency privileges of the higher class license, but only the emission privileges of your license

T2D05 [97.3(a)46]

What is the definition of third-party communications?

- A. A message sent between two amateur stations for someone else**
- B. Public service communications for a political party
- C. Any messages sent by amateur stations
- D. A three-minute transmission to another amateur

T2D07 [97.11(a)]

When may you operate your amateur station aboard an aircraft?

- A. At any time
- B. Only while the aircraft is on the ground
- C. Only with the approval of the pilot in command and not using the aircraft's radio equipment**
- D. Only when you have written permission from the airline and only using the aircraft's radio equipment

T2D04 [97.113(a)(3)]

Which of the following is a prohibited amateur radio transmission?

- A. Using amateur radio to seek emergency assistance
- B. Using amateur radio for conducting business**
- C. Using an amateur phone patch to call for a taxi or food delivery
- D. Using an amateur phone patch to call home to say you are running late

T2D06 [97.5(b)(2)]

How many persons are required to be members of a club for a club station license to be issued by the FCC?

- A. At least 5
- B. At least 4**
- C. A trustee and 2 officers
- D. At least 2

T2D08 [97.103(c)]

When is the FCC allowed to inspect your station equipment and station records?

- A. Only on weekends
- B. At any time upon request**
- C. Never
- D. Only during daylight hours